Welcome



NDEPENDEN EVIDENCE BASED NOT FOR PROFIT NON LOBBYING NEUTRAL

Pension Scheme Assets

How they are invested and how and why they change over time

Thank you to our event hosts



Welcome from our event hosts

Rob Yuille

Assistant Director, Head of Long Term Savings Policy







Welcome from the Chair

Pensions Policy Institute

Daniela Silcock

Head of Policy Research

Pensions Policy Institute (PPI)



This report has kindly been sponsored by

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Funding has been given to help fund the research and does not necessarily imply agreement with, or support for, the analysis or findings from the project.



Event overview

The event today is the official launch of the report Pension Scheme Assets - How they are invested and how and why they change over time

The PPI is looking to shine a light through the mist and bring together data showing how pension scheme asset allocation changes over time, and why. Supported by a survey, this annual report brings some much needed clarity to an opaque topic as well as supporting discussions with Government about how assets can be defined and reported in the future.





@PPI_Research

#PPILaunch

Keynote Address



Emma Reynolds MP

Parliamentary Secretary at

HM Treasury and the

Department for Work and Pensions



Key Findings



Jackie Wells

Research Associate

Pensions Policy Institute (PPI)



"ACROSS THE PENSIONS INDUSTRY AS A WHOLE, THE BEST DATA SUGGESTS INVESTMENT INTO UK EQUITIES HAS FALLEN TO AROUND 6%. TO IMPROVE DATA ON CURRENT HOLDINGS, THE GOVERNMENT INTENDS TO BRING FORWARD REQUIREMENTS FOR DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION FUNDS TO PUBLICLY DISCLOSE THE BREAKDOWN OF THEIR ASSET ALLOCATIONS, INCLUDING UK EQUITIES, WORKING CLOSELY WITH THE FINANCIAL CONDUCT AUTHORITY (FCA) WHO SHARE RESPONSIBILITY FOR SETTING REQUIREMENTS FOR THE MARKET. THE FCA WILL CONSULT IN THE SPRING. THE GOVERNMENT WILL INTRODUCE EQUIVALENT REQUIREMENTS FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENT PENSION SCHEME FUNDS IN ENGLAND & WALES AS EARLY AS APRIL 2024. THE GOVERNMENT WILL REVIEW WHAT FURTHER ACTION SHOULD BE TAKEN IF THIS DATA DOES NOT DEMONSTRATE THAT UK EQUITY ALLOCATIONS ARE **INCREASING."** BUDGET MARCH 2024

Pensions Policy Institute

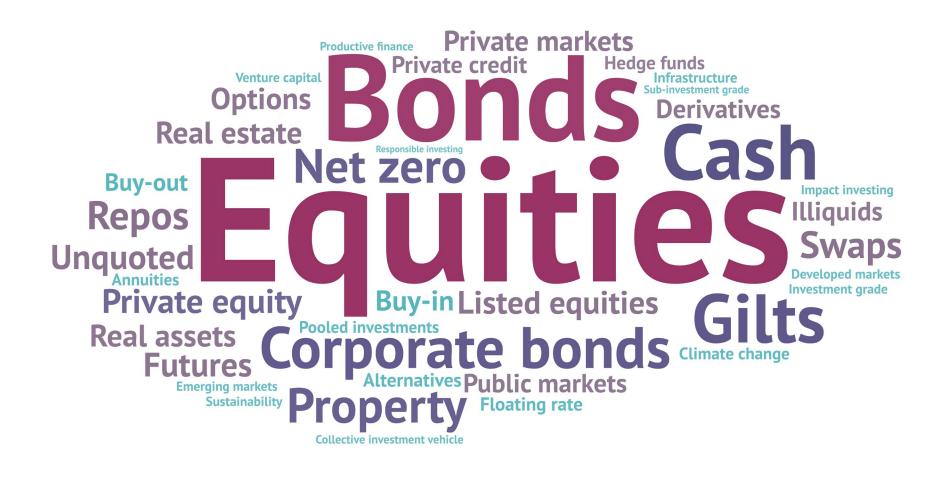
"OVER THE NEXT FEW MONTHS, THE REVIEW WILL FOCUS ON IDENTIFYING ANY FURTHER ACTIONS TO DRIVE INVESTMENT THAT COULD BE TAKEN FORWARD IN THE PENSION SCHEMES BILL BEFORE THEN EXPLORING LONGTERM CHALLENGES TO ENSURE OUR PENSIONS SYSTEM IS FIT FOR THE FUTURE.

THERE IS SO MUCH UNTAPPED POTENTIAL IN OUR PENSIONS MARKETS, WITH AN INDUSTRY WORTH AROUND £2 TRILLION. THE MEASURES WE HAVE ALREADY SET OUT IN OUR PENSION SCHEMES BILL WILL HELP DRIVE HIGHER INVESTMENT AND A BETTER DEAL FOR OUR FUTURE PENSIONERS."

Pension review, pensions minister July 2024

A complex lexicon





How much do we know about how assets are invested?



| | High level asset allocation | 'Productive finance'¹ | UK assets ² |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| Private sector DB | | | |
| Public sector DB | | | |
| Trust based DC | | | |
| Contract based GPP | | | |
| Individual PP | | | |
| Pension annuities | | | |

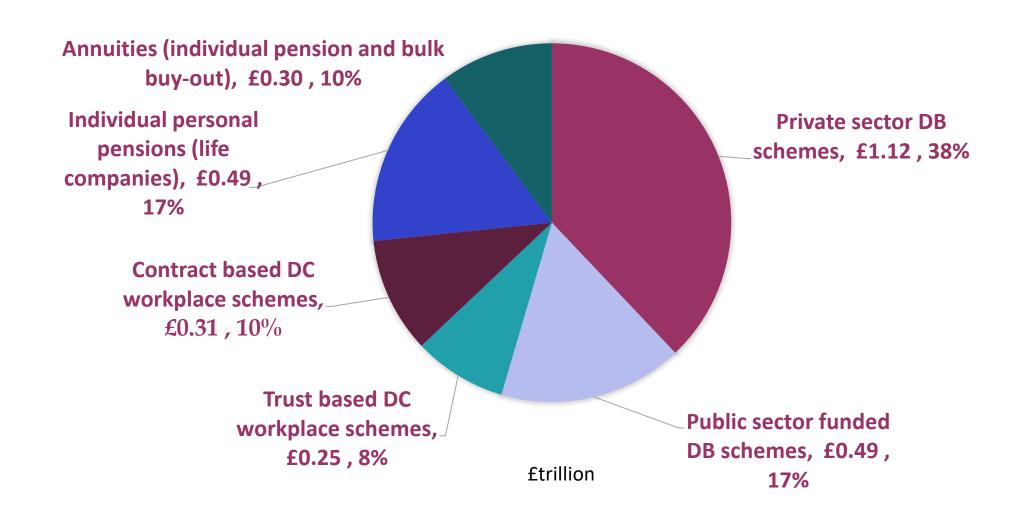
Quite a lot

- 1. Productive finance includes corporate bonds, equity (both public and private) + other alternatives
- 2. UK assets includes assets listed or registered in UK

Very little

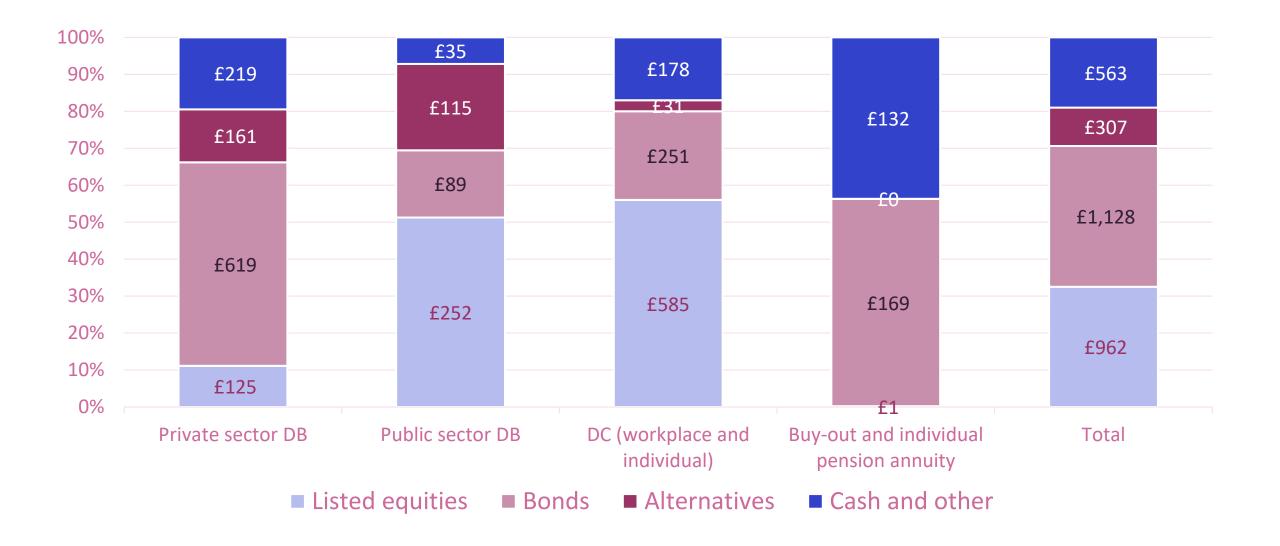
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£3 trillion of UK pension assets



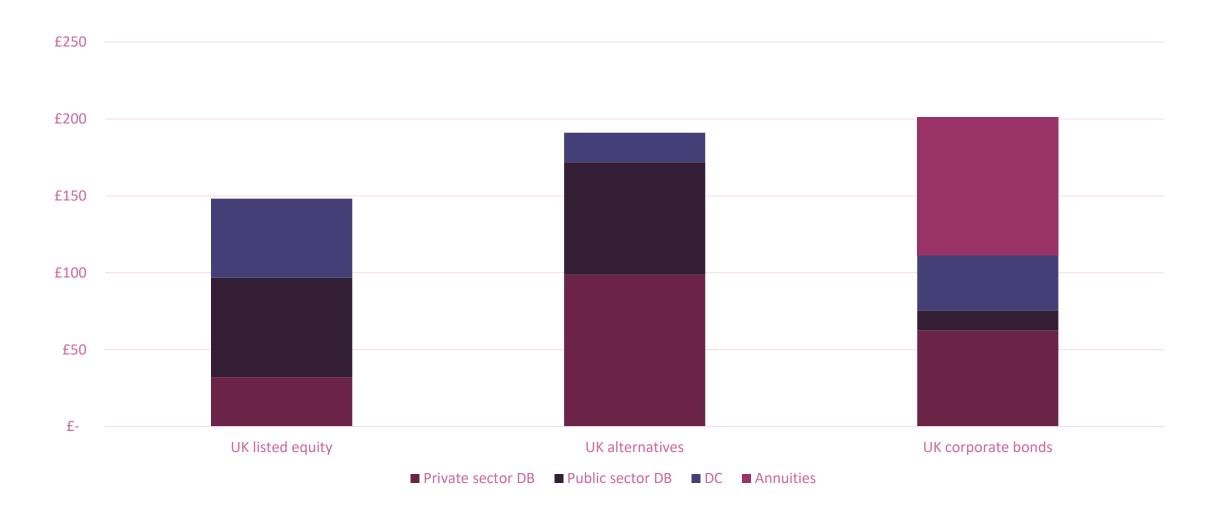
Significant variation by scheme type (£bn)





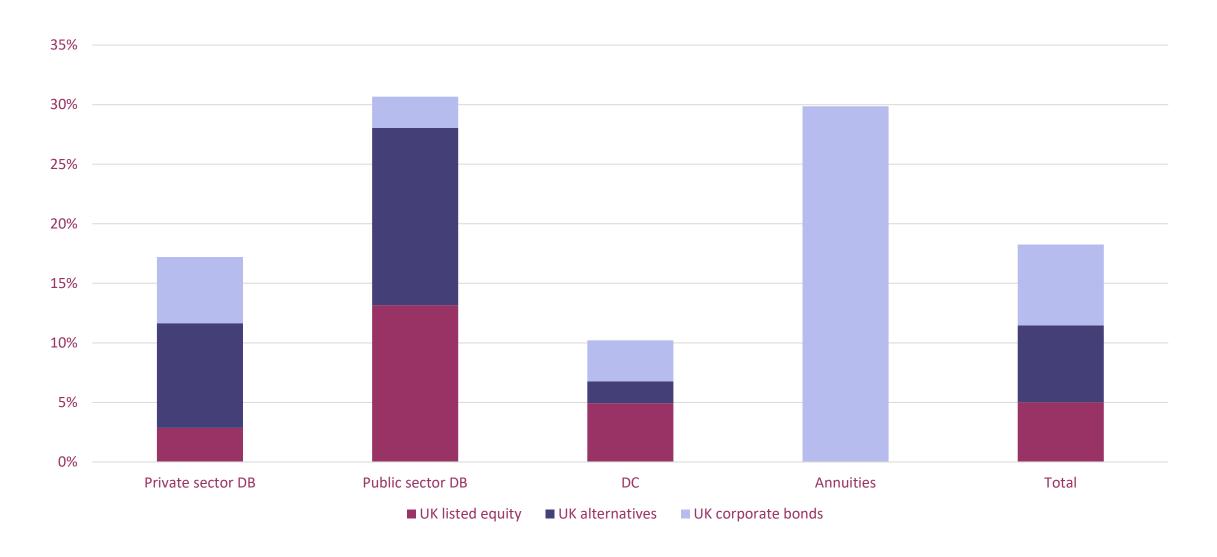
£541 bn of UK assets held by UK pensions (by asset type)





DB the largest UK investor by £bn (private sector) and % (public sector)

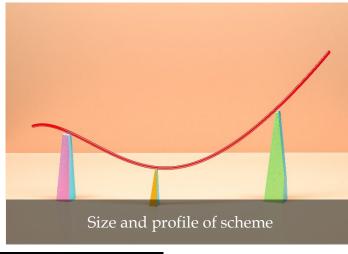




Multiple drivers of change











Key trends and barriers to diversification

Trends

Closure of DB schemes and move to buy-out created inevitable shift away from equities

Cashflow becomes king

Shift away from government to corporate bonds

Pension freedoms driving shift away from annuity to drawdown target in DC

Scaling up and maturity of DC still in progress

Rise of global equity mandates

LTAF opportunities emerging

Barriers

Illiquid nature of assets

J-curve of returns

Lack of expertise

Uncertainty over future performance

Cost of investment

Shortage of assets

Life company platforms

Implications

- UK pension sector in period of transition
 - >DC gaining scale, workplace dominates and schemes consolidating
 - ➤ Private sector DB winding up and buy-out likely to continue
 - ➤ Pressure on LGPS to consolidate further
 - ➤ Limited emergence of CDC
- Members should benefit from trends in asset allocation.
 - ► Closed DB benefits secured
 - ➤ Open DB members benefit from diversification
 - ➤ Better designed and diversified DC defaults
- Government drive for investment in UK will be driven by open DB and workplace DC
- Investment governance and value for money will become even more important
- Measuring trends in asset allocation requires single source of data and clearer set of definitions

Sponsor's Response



Mike Eakins

Chief Investment Officer and

Group Executive





Opening Comments from our panel



Rob Yuille ABI



Silvia Knott-Martin
London LGPS CIV



Mike Eakins
Phoenix Group



Jackie Wells
PPI

Please respect The Chatham House Rule

Thank you for attending today

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An **INDEPENDENT** Research Report by the

Pensions Policy Institute

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The Asset Strands project is also funded and supported by:









